THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, TUESDAY, JULY 7, 1863. NO. 204.

BY J. L. PENNINGTON.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The following are the only terms of subscription to THE DAILY PROGRESS:

Daily Paper, 1 month,	$1 50	Daily Paper, 3 months,	$4 00
" " 2 "	3 00	" " 6 "	6 00
One year			10 00

The paper will not be sent to new subscribers without the money in advance; and in all cases it will be stopped when the time paid for expires.

JOB PRINTING.

There being connected with the PROGRESS establishment a Job Office equal to any in the City or State, we are prepared to execute all orders for BOOK and JOB PRINTING. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[REPORTED FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

The Yankee Raiders at Warsaw and Kenansville—Some Particulars.

GOLDSBORO', July 6.—News from the Yankee raiders at Warsaw at ten last night says the main body occupied Kenansville and burned the Sword Factory there and took twenty-five thousand dollars from the proprietors, the same amount from Sheriff Lane, Isaac Kelly and McKarthy. They also took fifty negroes from Kit and Bill Hill, and all of Dr. Herring's. A detachment of five hundred reached Warsaw at nine yesterday morning, a few minutes after Knight's train hence had passed, which narrowly escaped capture. They staid at Warsaw four hours, and burned twenty thousand pounds of bacon, tore up one mile of Railroad track. They captured Capt. Lane's company of cavalry at Kenansville, only five escaping. They are stealing all the negroes and horses they can find. They are supposed to be still at Kenansville, or falling back. Report says, however, they returned to Warsaw at six, last evening.

Cars again Running over the Wilmington Road—Whereabouts of the Enemy Unknown.

GOLDSBORO, June 6.—Col. Fremont, superintendent of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad is just in from Magnolia. Only one quarter of a mile of the track was torn up which has been relaid and the cars are passing regularly. Whereabouts of the raiders unknown.

The Assembly.

Both Houses consumed part of the time yesterday in secret session. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the correspondence between the Governor and the Secretary of War was ordered to be printed, consumed much of the time of the House, and the vote being finally taken, the House reconsidered and refused to print. The House then took up the Military Bill, and a proposition to substitute Mr. McKay' bill for Mr. Sherwood's being voted down, after various amendments, Mr. Sherwood's bill was passed its second reading. We shall publish the bill as it finally passes. We were compelled, for want of force, to omit the afternoon proceedings of the House in this issue.

We give the entire business of the Senate, but nothing of importance was transacted.

The joint resolution to adjourn to-day has not been reconsidered, but we hardly see how the body can close its session to-day without neglecting important public interests. The Military bill must be completed.

ATTENTION CITIZENS!—Gov. Vance calls upon all citizens of the town to meet at the Court House at 9 o'clock this morning, with such force as they can bring, with picks, axes, spades and shovels, and one day's rations, to report to Maj. Guion, who is to superintend the throwing up of fortifications around this city.

HOME DEFENCE.—There was an enthusiastic meeting of citizens at the Court House yesterday morning. Addresses were made by Governors Vance and Bragg and many enrolled their names, and a committee was appointed to enroll others.

We learn that a dispatch was received here from Col. Fremont last night, stating that the trains had resumed their trips between Goldsboro and Wilmington, the enemy having retired.

The Raid on Warsaw--W. & W. Railroad Cut and Wires Down.

GOLDSBORO', July 5.

ED. PROGRESS:—News was received here last night that a force of Yankee cavalry and infantry were at Kenansville, the county seat of Duplin, burning and pilaging as they went. Their force is variously estimated at from 1,000 to 4,000. This morning it was reported that they had reached Warsaw Station, on the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, and the report is no doubt correct, as telegraphic communicotion ceased between this place and Wilmington to-day about eight o'clock.

No one seems to have any idea of the intention of the Yankees, unless it is a raid to destroy the railroad as much as possible, and the crops and provisions, &c., of private citizens. Couriers left this place this morning to watch and report the movements of the Yankees, if possibl, and are looked for here constantly. Should I hear anything more before the mail closes I will inform you. No train from Wilmington has arrived here to-day.

Yours, &c., X.

Three Cheers for the Boys.—The boys are responding with great enthusiasm and unanimity to the call made by our most excellent Governor Vance for troops to defend the city against Yankee raids. All between the ages of 15 and 18 who have consent of their parents and guardians, are requested to meet at the Court House this morning at 9 o'clock for organization.

July 7-1t BY REQUEST OF COMMITTEE.

To the Voters of the Fifth Congressional District.—The emergency calls for the purest and ablest men to serve the country in her Legislative Councils. The well known character of Captain JOSEPH J. DAVIS, of Franklin, for patriotism, integrity and wisdom, plainly indicates him as the fittest man in the District to represent us in the next Congress. Captain Davis is now leading his gallant company against the invaders of his country, and does not even dream of his friends entertaining the idea of voting for him for Congress or any other civic position, at this time; but we are confident that he will skrink from no responsibility to which his fellow citizens may call him. Well known and universally respected as he is, Franklin County offers her noble son to the voters of the District in full confidence of his election, on account of his own unpretending merit, and for the good of the country. Patriots, your suffrages are asked for a wise and prudent statesman, and gallant soldier.

July 1-td MANY VOTERS.

Register, Standard, and State Journal copy till election, and send bills to this office.

Duplin County, May 25, 1863.—EDITOR OF THE PROGRESS, RALEIGH, N. C.—No wish to add or stir party feelings, but as some friend has suggested sometime since the name of Wm. J. Houston, Esq., as a suitable person to be voted for for Congress in the district now represnted by the Hon. Owen R. Kenan, and as one man should have the same privileges as another, I suggest the name of THOMAS I. FAISON as a suitable person to represent the 3rd Congressional District at the ensuing election. No better or more loyal man than Thomas I Faison, no private man has done more for the Confederacy and the soldiers. Three of his sons have devoted their time and talents in the cause of freedom, and one of them has sealed it with his blood.

MANY VOTERS OF 3D CON. DIST. OF N. C.

May 28-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANDREWS'

GREAT SOUTHERN PANORAMA

—OF—

SACRED HISTORY.

THIS SPLENDID WORK OF ART WILL BE ON exhibition at the Chapel of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb a few evenings, commencing on this (TUESDAY) evening, the 6th. The Panorama is a continuous series of twenty-four magnificent Oil Paintings, with figures of life size, illustrative of some of the prominent events of Sacred History, commencing at the creation and ending with the Ascension.

Doors open at 7¼ o'clock.

Tickets $1. Children and servants 50 cts.

July 7-1t

NOTICE!

THE CITIZENS OF RALEIGH ARE REQUESTED to meet at the Court House this morning at nine o'clock, with such force as they can bring. They will also bring picks, axes, spades and shovels, and one day's rations. This force will report to Maj. H. T. Guion for the purpose of throwing up such fortifications as may be necessary for the defense of the city.

July 7-1t Z. B. VANCE.

NOTICE.

PERSONS HAVING SPECIAL DEPOSITS IN Branch Bank of Cape Fear are requested to call and get them. W. H. JONES,

July 7-2t Cashier.

SUBSTITUTE WANTED.

A MAN OVER FORTY-FIVE IS WANTED AS A Substitute. Address BOX 320, P. O., Raleigh, N. C. July 7-6t*

LOST.

LOST, ON THE STREETS OF RALEIGH, TRANSportation for 49 men from Raleigh to Kinston.—Any one finding it will leave it at the Transportation office in Raleigh, and oblge LT. A. C. McCROREY, Commanding detachment from Colquit's Brigade.

July 4-3t*

WANTED TO HIRE.

A SMALL NEGRO BOY, SAY 10 OR 12 YEARS old, for which a liberal price will be paid by the month or year. Apply at the PROGRESS OFFICE.

July 2-tf

$20 REWARD.

ESTRAYED.—LEFT MY FARM 10 MILES SOUTH of Raleigh, on Sunday last, a small mare Mule, full mane and tail. The above reward will be paid for the delivery of the Mule to me in Raleigh, or to Mr. Medlin on the farm. W. D. JOHNSON.

July 2-tf

Office of the N. C. Railroad Company,
COMPANY SHOPS, June 26, 1863.

DIVIDEND, No. 5.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a dividend of ten per cent. on the capital stock of this Company, payable on and after the 15th day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from this date until the day of payment. JOHN H. BRYAN, Jr.,

June 29-td Secretary.

Office of Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co.,
RALEIGH, N. C., June 15, 1863.

THE BOARD OF DIREBTORS OF THIS COMPANY have declared a Dividend of 10 per cent, upon the Capital Stock, payable on and after Monday, 7th of July, 1863. W. W. VASS,

June 19—t1A Treasurer.

Office of the N. C. Railroad Company,
COMPANY SHOPS, June 10, 1863.

THE FOURTEENTH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this Company will be held in the town of Greensboro' on Thursday, the 9th day of July next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. Stockholders who do not expect to attend this meeting are requested to send their proxies. They will be supplied with blank forms on application to the Secretary or to any of the Station Agents.

June 12-td JOHN H. BRYAN, Jr., Secretary.

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS.

AFTER THE 1ST JUNE, OUR HOUSE WILL BE open for the reception of boarders.

RATES OF BOARD.

Board per day	$6.00
" " week	35,00
" " month	100,00

Children under ten, and servants, half price.

BLACKNALL & CO., Proprietors.

P. S.—We cannot send our Omnibus to the 3 o'clock night train. [May 23-tf] B. & CO.

PIEDMONT SPRINGS.

BURKE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

THESE SPRINGS ARE SITUATED IN WESTERN North Carolina, about fifteen miles from Morganton, in a mountainous, beautiful and romantic country. The waters, SULPHUR and CHALYBEATE, are said to be equal to any in the country. Deer, Bear and Pheasants abound in the mountains.

The Company has succeeded in obtaining the services of an experienced gentleman and lady to take charge of the House, and will be ready for the reception of visitors by the 1st of July.

Board, per day	$ 5
Week	28
Month	90

A Hack will leave Morganton on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for the Springs.

☞ One-fourth of this property, with three hundred acres of land attached, would be sold to a person competent to take charge of the property.

June 25-tf* PIEDMONT SPRINGS CO.

PRINTERS' INK MANUFACTURED BY

B. A. RANDALL,

Marieta, Georgia.

BOOK, NEWS AND COLORED INKS, OF AN EXcellent quality, and warranted equal to the best Northern make.

Book Ink at 60 cents to $4 per pound.

News Ink at 75 cents per pound.

Colored Inks at $1 to $8 per pound, in half pound and pound cans. June 27-1m

SIMONTON HOUSE,

STATESVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA.

THIS LARGE AND COMMODIOUS HOUSE IS NOW open for the reception of boarders. The Table will be supplied with the best the market affords, and attentive servants always on hand to render its patrons comfortable. M. E. HYAMS,

June 25-2w Proprietor, Statesville, N. C.

CURRY COMBS.

MANUFACTURED by

March 19-tf JOLLY & LACK, Raleigh, N. C.

THE PEOPLE'S FACTORY.

WE ARE NOW IN OPERATION FOR THE BENEfit of the people. We are now manufacturing the Flying Shuttle and Old Fashioned Looms, Spinning Wheels, Bed Steads, &c. In a few days we expect to be manufacturing Shoe Lasts and Pegs. Our foundry is also in operation, and Castings of all kinds will be furnished as far as possible. The farming interests of the country will receive our especial attention. We will pay the highest prices for old castings, which you must bring to us if you desire the supply of new castings to be kept up. We shall soon be prepared to furnish plows of various kinds, by wholesale and retail. Soldiers' wives will be furnished with necessary articles at reduced prices.

SIMPSON & HOOKER,

June 3-tf Hillsboro', N. C.

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

AUCTION SALE.

WE WILL SELL AT AUCTION, ON WEDNESDAY the 15th day of July, 1863, to the highest bidder, at High Point, the following property, viz: A lot in the town of High Point, 30 yards from the track of the North Carolina Railroad and 100 yards from the station. Upon the lot is a two story Brick Building, 36x43—tin roof, with Engine shed; Blacksmith shops, Dwelling and Stable—a twenty horse power steam Engine with flew boilers, nearly new and in good order. The building is well adapted to manufacturing purposes of any kind; store or ware house. Also the following Machinery; 1 superior Screw Cutting Lathe, 1 Turning Lathe, 2 hand lathes; 1 Milling Lathe and Slabbing Machine; 1 Drill Press; 1 Boring Works; 1 Polishing Machine; 1 Circular Saw and Table; one extra Iron Planer; one Trip Hammer; one Fan Bellows; two Blacksmiths Bellows; one Fairbank's one Platform Scales; a large lot of hafting, pullies and hangers complete; a large quantity of leather belting; Anvils; Iron, wood and hand Vices; Steel Hammers, Sledges, Tongues, Swidges; Steel dies for forging all parts Mississippi Rifle; steel Cutters for milling all parts of Lock and Gun; Stock and Dies; Screw Plates and Dies; Callipers, Pinchers, Files assorted, and all tools necessary for manufacturing and finishing Rifles:

Also the following materials: Gun Skelp Iron, Cast Steel, Block Zinc, Sheet Zinc, Copper Borax, Glue, Screws, Sand Paper, Gun Locks, Grind Stones, Salt, Corn, Nails, a pair young Mules, Harness and Wagon, and many other supplies. Sale without reserve at 10 o'clock, A. M. GILLAM & MILLER.

July 3-td

Richmond Enquirer, Charlotte Bulletin, and Augusta Constitutionalist copy till day of sale and send bills to Gillam & Miller, High Point, N. C.

SPUN COTTON EXCHANGED FOR LARD.

WE WILL EXCHANGE COTTON YARNS AT OUR OIL AND SOAP FACTORY, in Fayetteville, as follows: 1 bunch of Yarns, No. 5, 6, 7 and 8, (averaging,) for 10 pounds of Lard each; 1 bunch, No. 9, for 11 pounds of Lard, and 1 do., No. 10, for 12 pounds. We will exchange upon these terms for one half of any amount of Lard, paying cash at full wholesale prices for the other half; or we will give one bunch of Spun Cotton, from No. 5 to 10, for 12 pounds of Lard.

A. McLAUCHLIN & CO.

A pure article of LARD OIL for sale at our Factory.

July 3-1m* A. McL. & CO.

STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE.

A 22 HORSE POWER, 50 INCH SAW, ALL COMplete in every respect. Engine nearly new, and has been run, but very little. Price for the whole, $2,500. Apply to S. W. MARSHALL,

July 1-1w* Pacific, N. C.

FOR SALE.

A SMALL LOT OF PURE SILVER TEA AND TABLE SPOONS. Enquire at

June 30-tf PROGRESS OFFICE.

FOR SALE.

A BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOT IN THE CITY OF Raleigh, opposite the residence of A. M. Lewis, Esq., in the Northern part of the city. Apply to

June 25-tf W. R. RICHARDSON.

FOR SALE.

ABOUT ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS of selected TOBACCO in the Leaf. Wrappers and Fillers in proper proportion.

PHILLIPS & HOOKER,

June 17-tf Hillsboro', N. C.

FOR SALE.

A CIRCULAR SAW, ABOUT 47 INCHES IN DIameter, originally 48; also 24 feet carriage and head blocks, 48 feet track or ways, 10 inches band, 50 or 60 feet long, very heavy. Price six hundred and fifty dollars for all. For information, apply at

June 12-tf PROGRESS OFFICE.

DESIRABLE INVESTMENT IN TEXAS LANDS.

ONE-HALF OF THE

JUSTO LIENDO TRACT.

THIS TRACT OF DESIRABLE LANDS WAS SElected for his home site many years since, by Col. M. B. Menard, who was an extensive land owner in Texas, and one of the leading founders of the city of Galveston. The property has never passed out of his family, since its purchase by him, and one-half of it only is now offered for sale for a change of investment, and will be sold in parcels of one-fourth of a league, or 1,100 acres each.

It is situated in Milan county, within the

TEMPERATE AND SHOWERY BELT OF TEXAS,

about 45 miles North-Eastward from the Capital of the State, and about 55 miles Northwestwardly from Brenham, the present terminus of Railroad communication with Galveston and Houston.

The tract is divided in two nearly equal parts by Brushy Creek, (emptying into San Gabriel river,) and comprises an admirable combination of lands for agricultural and pastural pursuits. High and dry post oak lands, filled with fencing materials;

ROLLING PRAIRIE, WITH

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES

commanding a view of the entire tract;

RICH TIMBERED BOTTOM

on both sides of the Creek, rising from there to a fine prairie covered with mesquite grass (not the bearded)

UNSURPASSED FOR GRAZING PURPOSES,

and which extends uninteruptedly to the banks of the San Gabriel, from 12 to 15 miles distant.

This region of country is not surpassed by any in

REGULARITY OF SEASONS,

DELIGHTFUL CLIMATE AND

HEALTH OF THE LOCALITY;

and the tract itself forms one of the best investments for present use or future profit to be found in Texas,

THE LAND OF PROMISE AND OF PEACE.

During the dry year of 1860 in Texas, Mr. Conolly's farm, (on a portion of the tract,) yielded an average of 50 bushels of corn, and 15 bushels of wheat to the acre. There are numerous flouring mills in Milan, and the adjoining counties of Bell and Williamson.

All the small grains grow well, cotton yields one bale to the acre, horses, mules, sheep, hogs and

HORNED CATTLE THRIVE

WITHOUT WINTERING

and are largely raised throughout the region. The titles to the land have never been questioned, and are unquestionable, and there are no squatters on it. The settled portion of the State extends far beyond Milan county, in every direction.

The property now belongs to J. S. Thrasher, Superintendant of the Press Association, and one-half of it is offered for sale, only because the acceptance of the duties of his public position involves the necessity of a partial change in his investments.

It is offered at private sale until the 7th day of August, when if not disposed of, it will be sold at public auction, without reserve, for cash, in Confederate Treasury notes in the city of Atlanta.

For further information, and plan of tract apply to

R. M. PARKS & CO.,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta Georgia.

May 11-M&Ttf

RICE FOR SALE.

THE STATE WILL SELL RICE BY THE CASK. Apply to C. H. Thompson, M. S. K. Commissary Department. THOS. D. HOGG,

July 4-tf Captain C. S.

FOR SALE.

200 BALES GOOD COTTON FOR SALE.

July 4-tf A. M. LEWIS.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

I OFFER AT PRIVATE SALE, THE LARGE, NEW HOTEL in the town of Louisburg, and located just East of the Court House. H. HARRIS.

July 4-tf.

W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.,

STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,

June 2-tf RALEIGH, N. C.

CURRY COMBS.

200 DOZEN CURRY COMBS FOR SALE AT THE Factory of JOLLY & LACK.

March 24-tf.

STATE DIRECTORY.

GOVERNMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

His Excellency, Zebulon B Vance, Buncombe, Governor
Col David A Barnes, Northampton, Aid.
do George Little, Wake do
Richard H Battle, Jr, Anson, Private Secretary.
Dr Edward Warren, Chowan, Surgeon General.
John P H Russ, Wake, Secretary of State.
Jonathan Worth, Randolph, Public Treasurer.
Curtis H Brogden, Wayne, Comptroller.
Samuel F Phillips, Orange, Auditor.
Ebenezer Emmons, State Geologist.
Oliver H Perry, Wake, State Librarian.
Major General Daniel G Fowle, Wake, Adjutant General.
Captain William B Gulick, Beaufort, Paymaster.
Captain Thomas D Hogg, Wake, Commissary and Ordnance Officer.
Captain James Sloan, Guilford, Quartermaster.
Captain Henry A Dowd, Edgecombe, do

JUDICIAL.

Supreme Court.—Richmond M Pearson, Yadkin, Chief Justice; William H Battle, Orange, and Matthias E Manly, of Craven, Judges; Silon H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; Hamilton C Jones, Rowan, Reporter; Edmund B Freeman, Clerk. [Meets in the city of Raleigh second Monday in June each year. The Morganton term has been discontinued.]

Superior Courts.—Judges.—John L Bailey, Buncombe; Romulus M Saunders, Wake; Robert R Heath, Chowan; Robt S French, Robeson; James W Osborne, Mecklenburg; George Howard, Wilson; Robert B Gilliam, Granville; William M Shipp, Henderson.

Solicitors.—1st Circuit, Jesse J Yeates, Hertford; 2nd Circuit, Charles C Clark, Craven; 3rd Circuit, Sion H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; 4th Circuit, Thomas Settle, Rockingham; 5th Circuit, Ralph Buxton, Cumberland; 6th Circuit, Robert F Armfield, Yadkin; 7th Circuit, William P Bynum; 8th Circuit, Augustus S. Merrimon, Buncombe.

Confederate States District Court.—Hon Asa Biggs, Martin, Judge; George V Strong, Wayne, Attorney; W M Watson, Craven, Clerk; Wesley Jones, Wake, Marshal.

Council of State.—F B Satterthwaite, Pitt; Robert P Dick, Guilford; Dr James Calloway, Wilkes; L Eldridge, Johnston; J R Hargrave, Anson; Jesse R Stubbs, Martin; James A Patton, Buncombe.

Literary Board.—His Excellency Gov. Vance, President *Ex officio*, Rev William E Pell, Wake, and Professor Richard Sterling, Guilford; Dr. Wm. Sloan, of Gaston. Richard H Battle, Jr, Secretary.

Board Internal Improvements.—His Excellency Govern'r Vance, President *ex officio*, Wm Eaton, Jr, of Warren, and J H Flanner, of New Hanover. Richard H Battle, Jr, Secretary.

Commissioners of Sinking Fund.—Hon Thomas Ruffin, Alamance, Hon Weldon N Edwards, Warren, and Hon David L Swain, Orange.

The University of North Carolina is at Chapel Hill.—Hon David L Swain, President.

Rev Calvin H Wiley is Superintendent of the Common Schools of the State.

Wiley J Palmer, A M, is Principal of the N C Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, at Raleigh.

Dr Edward C Fisher is Superintendant of Asylum for the Insane, at Ralesgh.

Rev W M Wingate is President of Wake Forest College, (Baptist) which is for the present suspended.

Rev Braxton Craven is President of Trinity College (Methodist.)

Rev ——— is President of Davidson College (Presbyterian.)

Major W M Gordon is Superintendant of the Hillsboro' Military Academy.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RALEIGH, N. C., JUNE 23, 1863.

I CALL UPON THE MILITIA OF NORTH CAROlina to rally to their standard. I have been authorised by the Adjutant General and Governor to raise a regiment under the late call of the President.

You can report to me at Raleigh, care of Capt. R. E. Walker, Provost Marshal. You have to report before the 17th day of July, 1863, or be drafted.

CARSON P. BRYSON.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT N. C.,
Adjutant General's Office,
Raleigh, June 20, 1863.

COL. CARSON P. BRYSON, of Jackson county, is authorised to raise a regiment to serve for six months, under the requisition of the President. Each company will consist of seventy-five men. The privates will elect their company officers, and company officers field officers.—Commissions will be issued at and from the time the muster rolls are filed in this office. DAN'L G. FOWLE,

July 4-1w* Adjutant General.

NOTICE.

A RARE CHANCE FOR AN INVESTMENT.

WILL BE SOLD FOR CASH IN THE TOWN OF Graham, Alamance county, N. C., on Thursday, the 16th day of July instant, the property known as Graham College. Said property consists of a Brick Building, with four large rooms, with a wooden ell containing the same number of rooms. The building is situated in a beautiful grove, containing six acres, more or less, and on the lot is a well of most excellent water.

The property, with some improvement, can be made the most desirable private residence in the town.

By order of the Executive Board:

July 4-10t E. W. BEALE, Secretary.

WATCH FOUND.

A WATCH WAS FOUND ON THE HOLLEMAN Road, a few miles from the city, on yesterday, which the owner can get on application at this office and paying a satisfactory description of the property and paying for this notice. June 17-tf

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

STOCK & MONEY BROKERS

RALEIGH, N. C.

CONTINUE TO CARRY ON THE BROKERAGE BUSiness at their old stand as heretofore, in all its various branches. June 25 6.

WRITING INK.

I AM MANUFACTURING A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of Writing Fluid, of which samples can be seen and information given at the Progress Office and at the Telegraphic Department of the Southern Express Building. Orders solicited, and particular attention and a discount given to those wishing to purchase for sale.

June 20—tf J. E. BRITTON.

NORTH CAROLINA CHRISTAIN ADVOCATE.

NEW SERIES.

IT IS CONTEMPLATED TO RESUME THE PUBlication of the *North-Carolina Christian Advocate* at an early day, under the patronage of the North-Carolina Conference, and under the direction and ownership of a joint stock Company, composed of ministers and laymen, to secure its permanency.

It will be as its name imports, a CHRISTIAN *Advocate*.—It will sustain and defend the doctrines and discipline of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and labor to advance Christ's Kingdom on earth, and to promote peace and good will among all men.

Besides its earnest, *religious* character, it shall be an advocate of the moral, educational and industrial progress of North Carolina—a welcome visitor to every *family* and to the camps of our brave soldiers, and a faithful chronicler of what may be useful and interesting, and of the current news.

All our traveling and local ministers and the stockholders of the Company, are specially requested to act as Agents for the paper.

The old subscribers of the *Advocate* will be supplied with the *new series*, to the full amount due them at the time of its suspension, but as the mail books are not in the possession of the Editor, he must rely on the old subscribers themselves and the Agents, to furnish him with their names and post offices and the amount due them.

The *Advocate* will be well printed on good paper, and will contain an amount of reading matter equal to any paper in the State.

During the continuance of war prices, the subscription price will be $3 per annum, always in advance.

Agents who send us ten or more *new* subscribers and the *Cash*, will be entitled to a copy of the paper for one year. It is desirable that a large list be sent in at once.

Address WM. E. PELL, *Editor*.

Raleigh, N. C. Jan. 2, 1863.

ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates will be charged for all advertisments inserted in the DAILY PROGRESS:

ONE SQUARE OF TWELVE LINES, OR LESS.

One day	$1 00	Two weeks	$10 0
Two days	2 00	One month	18 0
Three days	3 00	Two months	25 00
Four days	4 00	Three months	30 00
Five days	4 50	Six months	50 00
One week	5 00	Twelve months	75 00

Twelve lines or less count a square, and additions squares will be charged the same.

Cash will be demanded from all persons except where special contracts are made. When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement.

MILITARY DIRECTORY.

FIELD OFFICERS AND BRIGADES OF N. C. REGIMENTS.

We are indebted to John B. Neathery, Clerk in the Adjutant General's Office, for the following statement:

No	COLONEL.	LIEUT. COLONEL.	MAJORS.
1	Jno A McDowell	H A Brown	Jas S Hines
2	William R Cox	W S Stallings	D W Hurt
3	Wm L DeRossett	S D Thruston	W M Parsley
4	Bryan Grimes	James H Wood	E A Osborne
5	Thomas M Garrett	John W Lea	Wm J Hill
6	Isaac E Avery	Robert F Webb	S McD Tate
7	Edw G Haywood		W L Davidson
8	Henry M Shaw	James W Hinton	J M Whitson
9	Lawrence S Baker		J H Whitaker
10	Jas A J Bradford	Stephen D Pool	H C Guion
11	C Leventhorpe	Wm J Martin	T Sparrow
12			Egbert A Ross
13		Joseph H Hyman	
14	R Tyler Bennett	W A Johnston	L H Hunt
15	William MacRae	W H Yarborough	J H Lambeth
16	John S McElroy	Wm A Stowe	G W Hammond
17	Wm F Martin	John C Lamb	H D Lee
18	J D Barry		T H Sharpe
19	James B Gordon	Wm G Robinson	C M Andrews
20	Thomas F Toon	Nelson Slough	
21	W W Kirkland		W S Rankin
22	James Conner		
23	Dan'l H Christie	Rob't D Johnston	C C Blacknall
24	Wm J Clarke	John L Harris	T D Love
25	H M Rutledge	Samuel G Bryson	W S Grady
26	H K Burgwyn, Jr	John R Lane	J T Jones
27	John A Gilmer, Jr	G F Whitfield	J C Webb
28	Samuel D Lowe	Wm H A Speer	Sam N Stowe
29	Robert B Vance		W B Creasman
30	Francis M Parker	James T Kell	W W Sillers
31	John V Jordan	C W Knight	J A D McKay
32	Edmund C Brabble	Wm T Williams	D G Coward
33	Clark M Avery	Robert V Cowan	J H Saunders
34	W L J Lowrance		Geo T Gordon
35	Matt W Ransom	John G Jones	J T Johnston
36	No field org'zation		
37	Wm M Barbour	W G Morris	O N Brown
38	Wm J Hoke	John Ashford	M M'Lauchlin
39	David Coleman	Frank A Reynolds	
40	No field org'zation		
41	John A Baker		
42	George C Gibbs	John E Brown	C W Bradshaw
43	Thomas S Kenan	Wm G Lewis	W J Boggan
44	Thos C Singeltary	T L Hargrove	C M Stedman
45	J H Morehead	Samuel H Boyd	J R Winston
46	Edward D Hall	W L Saunders	ACM'Callister
47	Geo F Faribault	John A Graves	A D Crudup
48	Robert C Hill	Sam'l A Walkup	A A Hill
49	Lee M McAfee	Jno A Flemming	P B Chambers
50	J A Washington	George Wortham	J C Vanhook
51	Hector McKethan	Caleb B Hobson	J R McDonald
52	James K Marshall	Marcus A Parks	JQ Richardson
53	William A Owens	J T Morehead, Jr	J J Iredell
54	K M Murchison	A Ellis	J A Rogers
55	Jno K Connally	M T Smith	Alfred H Belo
56	Paul F Faison	G Gratiott Luke	H F Schenck
57	Arch'd C Godwin	H C Jones, Jr	J A Craige
58	John B Palmer		J C Keener
59	Dennis D Ferrebee	Edward Cantwell	J M Mayo
60			W M Hardy
61	James D Radcliffe	Wm S Devane	H Harding
62	Robert G A Love	Geo W Clayton	D G McDowell
63	Peter G Evans	Stephen B Evans	J H McNeill
64	Lawrence M Allen		Wm Garrett
65	George N Folk	Thaddeus P Siler	John J Spaas

The Regiments are Brigaded as follows:

Clingman's Brigade—8th, 31st, 51st and 61st.
Cooke's Brigade—15th, 27th, 46th and 48th.
Foster's Brigade—27th.
Daniel's Brigade—32d, 43d, 45th and 53d.
Davis' Brigade—55th.
Hoke's Brigade—6th, 21st, 54th and 57th.
Hampton's Brigade—9th.
Iverson's Brigade—5th, 12th, 20th and 23d.
Lane's Brigade—7th, 18th, 28th, 33d and 37th.
Lee's, W. H. F., Brigade—19th.
Martin's Brigade—17th, 42d,, 50th and 63d.
Pender's Brigade—13th, 16th, 22d, 34th and 38th.
Pettigrew's Brigade—11th, 26th, 44th, 47th and 52d.
Ransom's Brigade—24th, 25th, 35th, 49th and 56th.
Ramseur's Brigade—2d, 4th, 14th and 30th.
Robertson's Brigade—41st and 59th.
Taliaferro's Brigade—1st and 3d.
Not Brigaded—10th, 36th, 40th, 58th, 60th, 62d, 64th and 65th.

The following are Infantry Regiments.

1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32d, 33d, 34th, 35th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 42d, 43d, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52d, 53d, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 60th, 61st, 62d, 64th.

The following are Cavalry Regiments:
9th, 19th, 41st, 59th, 63d, 65th.

The following are Artillery Regiments:
10th, 36th, 40th.

The following are the Battalions:

Lieut. Colonel Charles E. Shober's, (formerly Wharton J. Green's) Infantry; Major J. H. Nethercutt's Rangers; Major R. W. Wharton's Sharpshooters; Major John W. Moore's Artillery; Major W. L. Young's Artillery; Major Alex. MacRae's Artillery; Col. Peter Mallett's Camp Guard; Whitford's Battalion, Rangers; Major Alfred H. Baird's Battalion of Cavalry.

Colonel W. H. Thomas' Legion of Highlanders and Indians is composed of one Regiment and one Battalion, and numbers over 1,500 men.

LACK & FARRISS,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
PROCTOR'S OLD STAND,
Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

WE WOULD INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT WE have on hand and are constantly receiving an assortment of

CITIZENS' AND MILITARY CLOTHING.

The business will be carried on under the direct supervision of Mr. C. M. FARRISS, and satisfaction guaranteed to our patrons. An experienced hand will go to the Camps to take measures for uniforms when ordered.

G. A. LACK.....C. M. FARRISS.

April 7-tf

ESTRAYED.

FROM THE STATE STABLES, IN THIS CITY, ON the 4th instant, two MARE MULES, one bay and one black. The black one has a scar on the hip. Twenty dollars reward will be paid for their return to

THOS. D. HOGG,

June 8-tf Captain and Acting Q. M

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.
RALEIGH, N. C., May 8, 1863.

LEAD WANTED.—I WISH TO PURCHASE LEAD for this department. Persons having large or small quantities will please apply at once. Will give 1 pound of POWDER for 10 pound of LEAD.

THOS. HOGG, CAPT. C. S.

May 8-tf In charge of Ordnance.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS WHO PRESENT THEMSELVES at the office of the Surgeon General, between the hours of 9 and 10 a. m., will be vaccinated free of charge.

EDWARD WARREN,

Dec 20-tf Surgeon General of N. C.

SCOTCH SNUFF.

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE MANUFACTURING ON an extensive scale a very superior article of SCOTCH SNUFF, and are always prepared to fill orders from any place in the Confederacy.

B. W. LYNCH & SON.,

May 14-2m* Petersburg, Va.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

WITH AN EXPERIENCE OF MORE THAN FORTY years, the undersigned does not flatter himself, but is flattered by his customers, and will receive and sell at Auction, or on Commission, everything entrusted to his care. FRANK I. WILSON,

May 14-tf Auctioneer

Standard copy

SNUFF! SNUFF! SNUFF!

LORILLARD'S SNUFF, RAILROAD SNUFF,

Lorrilard's Scotch (Salt) Snuff, Appleby's Railroad (Fresh) Snuff. For sale by A. A. WILLARD,

June 16-3m Greensboro', N. C.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

TUESDAY, JULY 7, 1863.

OUR ONLY TERMS.

The following are our only terms of subscription for the PROGRESS:

Daily Progress One year - - -		$10 00
" "	Six months - -	6 00
" "	Three months -	4 00
" "	Two months -	3 00
" "	One month - -	1 50

The paper will be stopped in all cases when the time paid for expires, and those who do not wish to be without the paper must look to this and renew in time.

Agents and newsdealers will be furnished at $5 per hundred copies.

☞ **How to send us Money.**—To avoid all risk in sending money for subscription by mail, we have made arrangements with the Southern Express Company, by which all money can be sent for subscription to the PROGRESS at our risk and expense. Subscribers will enclose the amount to be sent in an envelope directed to the DAILY PROGRESS, and seal with wax, writing their name and Post Office, and the amount sent on the outside. Deliver the same to any Agent of the Southern Express Company, and take his receipt. Send a letter to us by mail, advising us of the date when sent.

☞ **Rags! Rags! Rags!**—The highest cash price will be paid at the PROGRESS OFFICE for all kinds of clean Cotton and Linen Rags, in large or small quantities.

☞ **Any of our friends receiving important** news from the army by private letter or telegrams, will confer a great favor on us by sending or leaving them at this office for our use.

The War.

At this writing, 3 p. m. Monday, there is no telegraph communication beyond Goldsboro', either North or South, and hence we may have to go to press without further news, but that given by us yesterday is very encouraging. In Pennsylvania our forces are having everything their own way. Hooker has been superceded by Mead and their army is said to be very badly demoralized. A heavy engagement has taken place at Gettysburg, Pa., and from the admissions of the enemy themselves they were badly worsted. We must wait for particulars. We think it very probable that every railroad leading out of Baltimore and Washington has been cut before this time, and the Federal Capitol is in much more danger of being captured than Richmond. The excitement throughout the entire North is intense and the alarm and confusion far greater than anything ever caused by the invasion of the South.

We have a report that Generals Magruder and Taylor were marching on New Orleans with every prospect of capturing the city. We trust they may do it.

Vicksburg held out at last accounts, and we trust may continue to do so.

Nothing later from Richmond, but we think there is little cause to apprehend disaster in that quarter.

The "situation" in our own immediate vicinity is becoming painfully interesting, and the enemy are pressing our own firesides. A successful and disastrous raid has been made upon Kenansville, the Court House town of Duplin County, and upon the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, some dozen miles distant from that place. The Road track has been torn up for some distance, a quantity of bacon was burnt at Warsaw, and the citizens of Duplin have been robbed of large numbers of negroes, money, &c. Whether the interruption of the wire North of Goldsboro' is caused by the advance of the enemy on that end of the Road is not now known, but their presence at Warsaw and Kenansville, in force, is sufficient to give us concern for the safety of Goldsboro'. We hardly think any advance can be meditated West of the W. & W. Road, in the direction of Fayetteville or Raleigh, but the surest way to prevent it, or to check it if made, is for the whole population to organize and arm at once, and if they dare advance let them find a steady marksman behind every tree and in every clump of bushes. A small infantry force, well armed and efficiently handled, can check and put to flight a large body of cavalry. Let the fords and bridges be at once put under strong guards of armed men, so that the first attempt at an advance may be arrested.

We shall probably have further news from below before going to press.

Yankee Raids—How to Protect Ourselves against them.

Cavalry raids are getting to be serious things to the people of the Confederacy—especially serious to the quiet inhabitants of this goodly City, who don't know whether they will be permitted to sleep in their own beds to-night or not. The raid on the W. & W. Road, at Warsaw, has put our people to thinking, and, we hope, to acting also. There is no way to protect the country against these raids but to put every man able to bear arms on a war footing. Hence we hope the Legislature will pass, at once, the "Raid Bill," or something like it, by which every white male person, physically able to handle a gun, from 16 to 50 or 60, may be enrolled, armed, organized and kept ready to assemble for home protection at a moment's warning.

In no other way can these raids be put a stop to or guarded against. Enroll every man. Let there be no exemptions save on account of physical disability; and, until the organization is complete or rendered efficient, let them be drilled for an hour or two daily. Every citizen, regardless of position, substitutes and everything else, who is worthy of protection, is willing to make the sacrifice, and if there be any who are not, let them be made to do it.

It is a very easy matter to put one's name down—there are men in this city who do that every time a call is made—but they never do anything more. What we want now is action, and without it we are in great danger. Let the organization be instant and thorough, for we know not when a hundred or a thousand of the enemy's cavalry may be thundering at the gates of the Capitol.

But the Legislature must do something for the protection of this service, or rather those who enroll in it. A State Army must be raised for service in case of emergencies, the officers must be commissioned and the men regularly enrolled, and the whole made subject to the most rigid discipline and the Articles of War, as in the regular service.

This is an emergency—this city is in peril—and those men who have as yet founed excuses for doing nothing, and who have not lifted a finger for the Confederacy, in any way, now have a chance to show their pluck or cowardice, and he who falters now makes himself infamous for all time.

We hope the Legislature will do its duty, and that the citizens will do theirs.

We desire to be obliging and accommodating, but we don't feel disposed to throw open every part of our establishment to the public. Our press room is always crowded at night by our own employees, in the discharge of their duties, and no one else is expected to enter there without being invited or obtaining permission. Nor are persons, subscribers or others, allowed to take papers from the office at night without the knowledge or permission of some one connected with the establishment. We wish to be kind, generous and accommodating, but we don't mean to be imposed on.

The paper is for sale at the Counter, (not the press room,) and persons coming for papers should make their own change, when convenient. We cannot undertake to serve subscribers at the office at night. Those who are served by the Carriers must wait their turn.

"HEAVY FIRING" AT THE CAPITOL.—Yesterday, when the Speaker's hammer fell and the Commons adjourned, we had just cleared the door and had stopped to talk to some one, when we heard "heavy firing" below. The firing was rapid, while it lasted, and the excitement intense, for a few moments, but when the smoke had cleared away the cry of "nobody hurt on either side" ran along the lines, the seriousness visible but a moment before wore off and the whole thing was viewed only as a light comedy.

The facts, as near as we could obtain them, are these: It seems there was some bad blood between R. Y. McAden, of Alamance, and J. H. Foy, of Onslow, both members of the House of Common. McAden attacked Foy at the foot of the stairs at the West end of the Capitol, as the latter was leaving the House. Foy drew a pistol and fired twice, retreating as he fired, so it is said by those who saw it; while McAden attempted to use his, but the piece snapped and he fired no shot. The thing was soon over, and when we came down stairs a few moments afterwards both parties had disappeared. About the controversy we know nothing, but we are glad to be able to state the fact that "nobody was hurt on either side."

A correspondent asks us the following question: "Will the field officers of the seven thousand troops be appointed by the President, or not?"

For the life of us we cannot answer. The Governor and the members of our Legislature are anxious to put the seven thousand men in the field at once, but the correspondence with the President and the War Office, thus far, has not been, we believe, very satisfactory. The language of the Secretary of War has been insulting to our people and particularly severe on our Judges. If Gov. Vance will put his foot down firmly and demand the right to appoint the field officers, as he clearly has a right to do in raising forces for home defence, the government will yield, but if he does not the appointments will be made at Richmond, and Virginians and Marylanders will most likely be placed over our men. At present we suppose Gov. Vance himself does not know who is to make the appointments. The matter will probably be settled before the Legislature adjourns, and if so our correspondent will be informed.

Kittrell's is an attractive place just now. There are but few male visitors, of course, as there are no men left idle to resort to such places now; but the number of women and children is large. Stately matron, fair maiden and prattling childhood are all there, and the collection forms a most agreeable and charming little community. Our sister, Virginia, is largely represented; in fact the visitors are mostly from that State and our own, and though we have great admiration for our own beauties, we are compelled to admit the fair daughters from the Old Dominion are surpassingly lovely. But why such stuff from us? Ain't we a man of family? As long, however, as we have eyes to see we shall admire the beautiful.

The "forage" at Kittrell's is as good as can be expected in these times, and the attention of Dr. Blacknall and his assistants is all that could be desired.

Letters from Graham and Kinston, without real name, received and thrown under the table. We will not publish anything that has not the real name of the writer with it.

Interesting Letters from the Advance of Gen. Lee's Army.

The following interesting letters from over the border are from a field officer of the 23d N. C. T., to a relative, and though not written for publication we have been kindly permitted to use them. Many of our people will recognize the initials of the gallant author of these letters. There is no braver or better man in the service.

OFFICE PROVOST MARSHAL,
Williamsport, Md., June 16.

BROTHER GEORGE:—After a long silence and many ups and downs, long marches, many exciting incidents, capturing towns and villages, chasing Yankees, &c., I again have an opportunity of saying that I am in the land of the living and doing well. We have had so many adventures of different kinds that I have not the time or memory to enumerate the half of them.

We started from Fredericksburg about the first of this month (I think it was,) and after a very hard march reached Culpeper and were near by when the cavalry fight took place in which Col. Williams was killed. Our division supported Gen. Stuart, but when we advanced on the Yankee cavalry they immediately fell back across the river. We then took up the line of march for the valley, making forced marches and greatly fatigueing the men, we passed over the mountains and through the finest country I ever saw. The valley far surpasses anything that I ever conceived of in beauty and fertility. The whole country, as far as the eye could reach, in every side, is an extensive meadow and clover field, with inexhaustible supplies of forage for the thousands of animals with our army, and in all respects the most splendid country I ever saw.

After entering the valley, we divided our corps, (Ewell's,) and Early and Johnston's divisions attacked Winchester, and our division attacked Berryville, both of which was carried in fine style. Our division then advanced immediately on Martinsburg, a town of 3500 inhabitants, on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, which we surrounded and charged suddenly before the Yankees knew we were in the country.—Such a terrible yell as was raised simultaneously by all the brigade and such a noise as was caused by charging over the numerous stone fences surrounding the town was never before heard on earth. There was such confusion and terror, and running to and fro by the Yankees and citizens as I never before witnessed. The Yankees immediately set fire to their army stores and commenced running in every direction. We dashed into the town, capturing all their artillery and stores, and many prisoners, the rest escaping as best they could. We then had a gay time in town. The whole thing was confusion, night had arrived, our troops filled the town and everything was in an uproar. I immediately took possession of the Quartermaster and Commissary stores and Provost Marshal's Office, and fond everything that could be desired, in abundance. Among the numerous articles on hand in the Provost Marshal's office were several large boxes marked 12 doz. Colt's repeaters, but I found on opening them that they contained each 12 doz. bottles fine French brandy, which I proceeded to capture. After remaining all night in town we advanced upon this place, but the enemy evacuated without firing a gun. So, on the 15th inst., we crossed the Potomoc and took quiet possession of the town.

I was immediately appointed Provost Marshal of the place, and I am now engaged in the discharge of the troublesome and important duties belonging to that important office. They are multitudinous and indiscribable, embracing everything imaginable, the authority in all instances over the persons and property being absolute.

This is a flourishing town about the size of Warrenton, embracing several good hotels, one bank, many stores, *all filled with the choisest goods*, at old prices. Such a scramble for goods was never before seen. I immediately took possession of all stores, hotels, bar rooms, the bank and all other species of property, put them under guard and selected through the Quartermaster such articles as were needed by the government. The stocks are very large, and goods of all descriptions cheap; I could get any quantity, but cannot at present get transportation back for them as we have no railroad, and our teams are all employed in transporting on government account.

I am exceedingly busy, as our army is immediately around town, and to keep order and to manage the various departments is very troublesome indeed. I have charge of paroling prisoners, impressing goods, returning runaway negroes, regulating prices of goods, giving passports to citizens to pass the lines, also the citizens of Virginia, to get here and bank with merchandize, which they buy here, &c.

I have several clerks, assistants and couriers, and am myself engaged from morning till night.

Every officer or soldier in town has to have my pass before entering a store. I have to grant passes to all the Brigadier Generals in the division. When I took charge of the town there was a mob breaking open stores and committing evey possible depredations. The streets were crowded with hundreds of drunken men as there are any number of bar rooms and distilleries in town. The citizens were shut up in their houses and frightened nearly to death, but in less than an hour I had order and quiet restored, the stores and houses guarded and the citizens protected. Everybody is loud in praising my management, while our Generals are perfectly satisfied with my government of the city. The citizens, all friends and enemies, (most of them are Unionists,) are highly pleased, and offer me every possible honor and accommodation.

I took possession of the best hotel in town for my headquarters, and we are living in fine style. Our brigade is about two miles from town, our advance cavalry now in Penn., and we are expecting every day to advance, but cannot say what is the programme at this time. The capture of Winchester, &c., gives us 5000 prisoners, and much artillery and stores. We have also captured thousands of horses and many hundred slaves. I have several negroes, free and slaves, in my hands but negroes are worth nothing at all. No kind of negroes will sell for one hundred dollars. I expect to make some purchases in that line for Southern exportation. We are now busily engaged in gathering up our immense stores and sending back to the rear. Our corps are now all occupying this side of the river for ten miles, and there is a report that Gen Longstreet is also crossing at some point below, but we are entirely cut off from Southern news, and I have not heard a word from that country since we left Culpeper.

Our Division is still in front and we are expecting to enter Pennsylvania in a few days.

Yours, &c., C. C. B.

GREENCASTLE, PA., June 23.

BROTHER GEORGE:—After much hard marching, some spirited fighting, many interesting incidents, adventures and episodes by the way, we are safely camped in the enemy's country, having arrived at Greencastle, a large and flourishing town, on yesterday, our division (Rodes') being in front—our Brigade being the first brigade of infantry *that ever entered Pennsylvania*.

We crossed the Potomac into Maryland on the 15th inst., at Williamsport. On taking possession, I was appointed Provost Marshal of the place, which I held until our army advanced into this State. While in command at Williamsport, I had full and entire control of all persons and property there, and gave entire satisfaction to General Rodes, besides getting a unanimous vote of thanks from the citizens for the manner in which I commanded the department. I took possession of the largest hotel in the place for myself and aids, where I fared sumptuously, having everything that I could possibly desire. I had a great deal of business to do, as we had to impress all the stores and government goods in town, all of which was done by my order and und under my instructions. We got an immense deal of goods of all descriptions.

I could get any amount of articles at old prices, but had no opportunity of sending things back, as the government had use for all the transportation we had.

We have captured towns, cities, villages, prisoners, &c. Our march through the Valley was a triumphal procession. We swept the enemy before us and captured everything they had—the result of the campaign being six thousand prisoners, half a dozen towns and cities, villages without number, government stores in great abundance, and all without any loss of consequence. We are now in the most splendid country I ever saw, everything in the way of subsistence being in the most profuse abundance, our army being amply and abundantly supplied from this country, and we cannot consume one tenth of the supplies before and around us—wheat, corn, oats, clover, beef, bacon, butter, &c., being in waste on all sides. We have secured thousands of horses and beef cattle, sending out parties in every direction to bring them in. We find no enemy to check our onward march, except small bands of cavalry. There was a little brush with them yesterday evening here. We killed two and put the rest to flight.

The citizens are all hostile to us, but are quite docile, as they are frightened out of their lives, and offer us everything we wish, to save them from utter destruction. I have visited a good many of the trembling culprits and gave them some wholesome lectures concerning the war and invasion of our territory. They all profess themselves as in favor of peace. We will move onward in a day or two, but I don't know the programme. Our success until now has been brilliant and imposing. Our army is in splendid condition, and the spirits of the men better than I have ever seen them. I think that we can continue our advance with slight resistance. We are having beautiful weather for operations, and everything is going on satisfactorily. I have written once or twice home, but think it doubtful about the letters going promptly, as we have no mail.

CHAMBERSBURG, June 25.

Since writing the above we have advanced to this place, which is a city of 6,000 or 7,000 inhabitants, situated in a highly beautiful and fertile country.—The inhabitants are almost entirely of Dutch origin, and seem to be peaceable, quiet and prosperous people. They are terribly alarmed at our invasion, but as they have been well protected have suffered but little, only in having to furnish our army with abundant supplies of all kinds.

We see nothing of the enemy, but hear that they have collected 15,000 or 20,000 militia near Harrisburg to oppose our progress, but they will present but slight obstructions to our onward march. I cannot say what our plans may be, but think that great results will be accomplished. I write in great haste. We are having fine times, and in good spirits.

Yours, &c., C. C. B.

COLLECTION OF TAXES.

TREASURY OFFICE,
Raleigh, July 3, 1863.

To the Sheriffs and Tax Collectors of North Carolina:

The following is a copy of the act just passed by the General Assembly, intending to expedite the collection of the State and county Revenue, in order that the issues of Confederate currency, dated prior to 6th April, 1863, may be funded.

I congratulate you on the adoption of a plan, which will relieve you and the tax-payers, and protect the State and county Treasurers from loss, growing out of the legislation of Congress, and sustain as far as the legislation of this State can do it, the currency of the Confederate government. To make this plan successful, your energetic co-operation is required in order that the taxes may reach the hands of the Treasurer and other fiscal agents, on or before the 28th inst. The State expects that you and the tax-payers will heartily co-operate in carrying out the plan.

Where you may not be able to get here by the time indicated with the money, you are at liberty to carry the Confederate notes you may have received, dated prior to the 6th April, 1863, to any depository of the Confederate government, and fund these notes in seven per cent. bonds of the Confederate government—and these bonds, or the certificates of the depository, will be received at the Treasury as payments made on or before the 28th July, inst., though they may be delivered here at any time before the first day of October next.

It will be due to all of you who shall pay into the Treasury on or before the 28th July next the taxes due from your counties, that publication of the fact be made and, I shall cause it to be done.

J. F. E. Hardie, of Asheville, is appointed an agent of the treasury, in compliance with the regulations of the 3d section of the act. The appointment of agents at other points, under said section, is left discretionary with me, and I appoint no other, believing the object can be better accomplished, by your funding the money and bringing here the bond or the certificate of he depository; because, under existing laws, the Treasurer is authorized to receive the taxes only upon the settlement and certificate of the Comptroller.

As I have not the power myself to receive the taxes excepting on the certificate of the Comptroller, I deem it best to appoint an agent at Asheville only; which I do because the act, as to the appointment of an agent there, is imperative.

Very respectfully,
JOHNATHAN WORTH,
Public Treasurer.

AN ACT in relation to the Payment of Taxes and to authorize the Public Treasurer and other Officers of the State to fund certain issues of the Confederate Treasury Notes in the seven per cent. Bonds of the Government.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North-Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That all seeriffs and tax collectors be required forthwith to proceed with collecting the taxes due the State and all levied by the counties, and make payment of the public taxes as far as they may be collected, into the office of the Public Treasurer on or before the 28th day of July instant, or into such office of deposit as the said Treasurer may direct—and all county taxes within the same time to the proper fiscal agent of the county to receive the same as far as the said county taxes may be collected; and in all such collections the said officers may receive, and whenever tendered, they shall receive the treasury notes of the Confederate States of America without regard to the date of the issue of said notes.

SEC. 2. After the 28th day of July instant, the said collecting officers shall proceed further to collect the taxes due and yet unpaid to the State and their respective counties, still receiving whenever tendered, all the treasury notes of the Confederate States of America, as declared in section 1st of this act; upon all sums paid as aforesaid on or before the 20th day of July, the collecting officers shall receive an additional commission of one per cent.

SEC. 3. Whenever the taxes aforesaid shall be paid into the office of the Public Treasurer, on or before the 28th day of July instant, or into any office of deposit, where he may require the same to be paid, the Treasurer is directed to fund the moneys so received, if paid in fundable notes, and also all other fundable moneys in Treasury, not necessary or available for the current public expenses, in the seven per cent. bonds of the Confederate government, where such moneys are of an issue previous to the 6th of April, 1863. He shall apoint agents at Asheville, and elsewhere, in his discretion, to receive and receipt for the taxes so paid, on or before the 28th of July, and to fund the same; and he shall make compensation to the agents whom he may thus select.

SEC. 4. All Confederate Treasury notes paid into the office of the Treasurer after the 28th of July, shall be held to be of equal value, and in making payment from his office, the Treasurer may apply the said notes at his pleasure, without discrimination between the issues of different dates.

SEC. 5. All fiscal agents of counties holding county funds, and every Chairman of the Board of Superintendents of Common Schools, may, in their discretion, fund such Treasury notes in the seven per cent. bonds of the Confederate States, and sell the bonds or scrip at par or for a premium.

SEC. 6. The Public Treasurer, fiscal agents and every chairman of the board of Superintendents of Common Schools shall be allowed to pay out to parties willing to receive them, or to sell at par or for a premium, all the bonds which they may receive in lieu of notes funded under the provisions of this act, from time to time at their descretion, and apply the proceeds in payments from their several offices.

SEC. 7. The clerks of the several county courts in this State shall, for the present year, make to the Comptroller's office on or before the 27th day of July, inst., the return required to be made in section 37 of the act of the last section of the General Assembly entitled "Revenue."

SEC. 8. The Treasurer shall have printed, as early as practicable, 200 copies of this act, and transmit one to each sheriff and one to each county court clerk in the State.

SEC. 9. This act shall be in full force and effect from and after its ratification.

Read three times and ratified in General Assembly, this 3d day of July, A. D., 1863.

R. S. DONNELL, S. H. C.
GILES MEBANE, S. S.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Office of Secretary of State.

I, John P. H. Russ, Secretary of State in and for the State of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office.

Given under my hand, this 3d day of July, 1863.

J. P. H. RUSS,
Secretary of State.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

[CALLED SESSION, 1863.]

SENATE, Monday, July 6.

Senate met at 10 o'clock. Journal read.

Mr. Ramsay presented a resolution of inquiry into the detention of slaves beyond the proper time at fortifications. Adopted.

Mr. Leitch—A recommendation of Arch'd Patterson, for the county of Robeson. Adopted.

Mr. Faison—A bill to pay North Carolina soldiers six dollars per month in addition to that already allowed. Referred.

Mr. Ramsey—A bill to repeal an act entitled "an act to protect the people from small pox."

A message was received from the House transmitting the following engrossed bills and resolutions:

A resolution of thanks to six men of Maj. J. N. Whitford's command for the capture of the Schr. Sea Bird. Adopted.

A resolution recogniziug Geo. Green as Trustee for the county of Craven.

A resolution in favor of A. C. Latham, Sheriff of Craven county.

A resolution for the relief of the wives and families of soldiers.

A bill to extend the time of making a settlement with the Agent of Cherokee Lands. Passed its third reading.

A bill to increase the salary of the Public Librarian $800. Passed its third reading.

A bill in relation to dogs and sheep. Passed under a suspension of the rules moved by Mr. Leitch.

A bill to incorporate the N. C. Stock Insurance Company in the town of Charlotte.

Mr. Warren—A bill in regerd to suits against defaulting Sheriffs.

The Senate then went into secret session on the militia bill.

On resuming open session, the Senate had under consideration a bill introduced by Mr. Bagley, to organize companies, regiments, &c., for local defense East of the Chowan.

Mr. Carraway opposed it.

Pending this bill, the Senate took a recess.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

MONDAY, July 6.

The House met at 9 o'clock, A. M.

Mr. Kerner presented a memorial from citizens of Forsythe county, protesting against a compliance with the President's requisition for seven thousand troops. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Pierce presented a memorial from physicians and apothecaries of Franklin county, praying that Mr. — Collins of said county be allowed to distil alcohol for medicinal purposes, which was read and lies on the table.

Mr. Allison, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported favorably a resolution in favor of the county of Craven. The rules were suspended, and the resolution passed its several readings.

Mr. Russell, of Craven, introduced a resolution of thanks to the captors of the Federal vessel Sea Bird, which was adopted. Also,

A resolution in favor of A. C. Latham, Sheriff of Craven, and G. M. Green, Sheriff of Cleaveland, authorizing a collection of taxes in arrear. This resolution was passed under a suspension of the rule.

Mr. Cobb—A bill for the enlargement of the Militia force of the State. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Waddell—A resolution requesting the Governor to furnish the House with a copy of the President's requisition for seven thousand troops from this State. Laid on the table on motion of Mr. McKay.

Mr. Pierce—A bill to authorize the distillation of alcohol for medicinal purposes.

Mr. Foy—A bill for the relief of persons charged with a double tax.

A message from the Senate transmitted a resolution requiring the Adjutant General to prepare and print a tabular statement of the number of volunteers and conscripts furnished by the several counties of the State. The resolution was adopted.

The hour appointed for the special order having arrived, the rule was suspended.

On motion of Mr. Grisson, the House reconsidered the vote by which Mr. Waddell's resolution requesting the Governor to furnish a copy of the President's requisition, &c., was laid on the table, and the question recurring on the passage of the resolution, it was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Shepherd, the consideration of the special order was still further postponed, and the House sat with closed doors, some action of the Senate having rendered a secret session necessary.

When the doors were opened, on motion of Mr. Shober, the rules were suspended and the engrossed bill to amond the charter of Piedmont R. R. Co., was put on its third reading. The bill passed ayes 48, noes 42.

The House then proceeded to consider the special order, viz:

The bill introduced by Mr. Sherwood, on Saturday, entitled "a bill to amend the 51st chapter of the laws of North Carolina, passed at the February session, 1863, of the present General Assembly, and ratified the 10th day of February, 1863," on its second reading.

Mr. McKay offered as a substitute a bill authorizing the Governor to raise seven thousand men, to serve in North Carolina six months, in accordance with a requisition of the President, dated 5th June, 1863.

Mr. Grisom moved a postponement of the special order until 3 o'clock, P. M. He did this in order that a conflict of opinion might be avoid, and hoped that at that time a bill could be framed, on which a compromise could be effected.

Mr. McKay opposed postponement. The bills, he said, were printed and lay on the desks of members. The provisions of both the bills were fully understood and the House was prepared to act at once upon them. He thought there could be no compromise.—Both Houses had agreed to adjourn to-morrow, and for that reason prompt action was demanded.

The motion to postpone prevailed.

A message was received from the Governor transmitting the requisition made by President Davis for seven thousand troops, which was read by the clerk.

On motion of Mr. Beall, the House reconsidered the vote by which it authorized the publication of the correspondence in relation to *habeas corpus*.

The question recurring on the order to print a lengthy discussion ensued, in which Messrs. Grissom, Shepherd, Waddell, Beall and Amis participated.

Pending the question, the House took a recess until 3 o'clock, P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

SENATE, Monday, July 6.

Messrs. Wiggins and Lassiter favored the passage of the bill. Wished to give the downtrodden people of the Eastern section all the aid possible, and to ameliorate their condition as much as practicable.

Mr. Warren had no objection to the passage of the bill, but thought similar legislation necessary for the benefit of all the counties within the enemy's lines.

On motion of Mr. Outlaw, the bill was laid on the table.

Mr. Outlaw presented a resolution asking for information from the Governor in regard to Militia.

On motion of Mr. Outlaw, the bill before under consideration was taken up, and after an amendment by Mr. Warren, extending its provisions to all counties occupied by the enemy, passed its third reading.

A bill to change the guage of the Piedmont Railroad to that of the Danville road, was taken up.

Mr. Adams moved to suspend the rules and put the bill on its several readings. Not agreed to.

Mr. Graham presented a bill in relation to militia. Provides the enrollment of all persons between the ages of 18 and 55, with certain exemptions. Referred.

Mr. Graham said he would like to hear the opinions of Senators.

Messrs. Outlaw and Copeland ware opposed to the exemption of military officers. Considered the majority of them an incubus on the military organization.

The bill to repeal the small-pox bill, passed its third reading.

A bill to repeal the staw law, except as to soldiers in the army, was taken up.

Messrs. Warren and Graham favored it.

Mr. Wiggins moved to postpone its further consideration to 1st day of December next. Agreed to.

The House bill to facilitate the payment of bounty of deceased soldiers to their representatives was laid on the table.

A bill to punish aiders and abettors of deserters, passed its several readings.

On motion the Senate adjourned to nine o'clock, Tuesday.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C., July 6th.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE WASHINGTON and New Orleans Telegraph Company will receive their dividends by application to the undersigned.

July 8-2t THOS. L. CLINTON, Manager.

FOR HIRE!

A NO. ONE TANNER, AND A GOOD ENGINEER, either by the month or year. Apply to

July 6-1w* T. R. EMERY, Pittsboro', N. C,

TAXES! TAXES!!

I WILL ATTEND AT MY OFFICE, IN RALEIGH, on Monday and Tuesday, 13th and 14th July, to collect taxes in Raleigh district.

On Thursday, July 16th, at Dunnsville for St. Matthew's district.

On Saturday, July 18th, at Forrestville, for Wake Forest district.

It is expected that all will come forward and pay their taxes, as I am required to return funds to the Treasury, &c., before the 20th July.

W. H. HIGH,
July 4-1w Sheriff.